

from **waste**
to **value**



The BDI bioCRACK Process

- a new approach for a refinery integrated BtL concept

Overview



Content:

- BDI at a glance
- Motivation
- Concept
- Pilot Plant
- Experimental results
- Outlook



BDI at a glance



Highly professional plant engineering
and construction company

Tailor-made turn-key solutions

Own technologies

“from waste to value“

More than 35 reference plants
on 4 continents, since 1991

Excellent reputation,
repeat business by industry leaders

Key figures 2012:

Staff: 132 employees

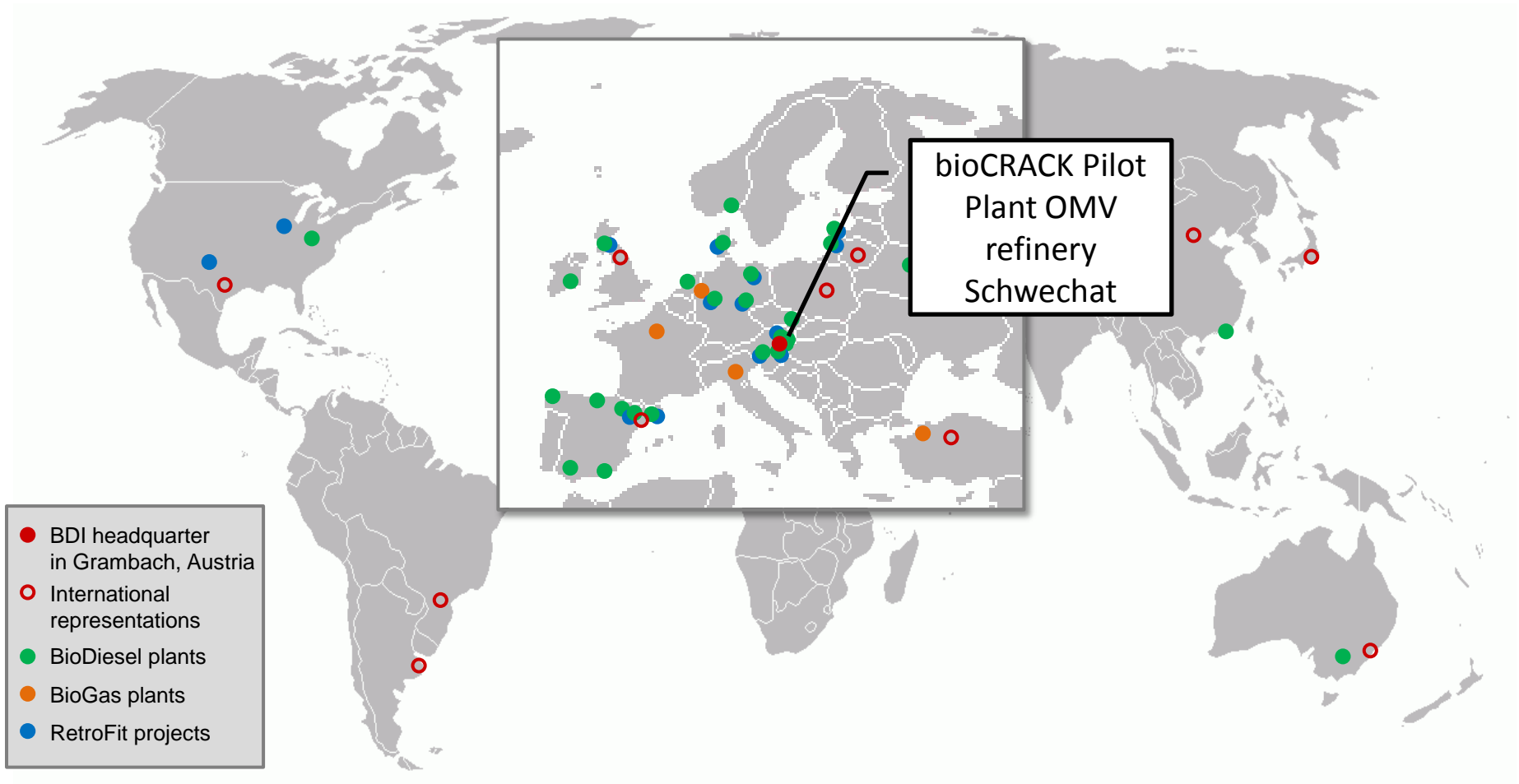
Turnover: € 30 mio

Equity ratio: 68%

Stock market listed in Frankfurt



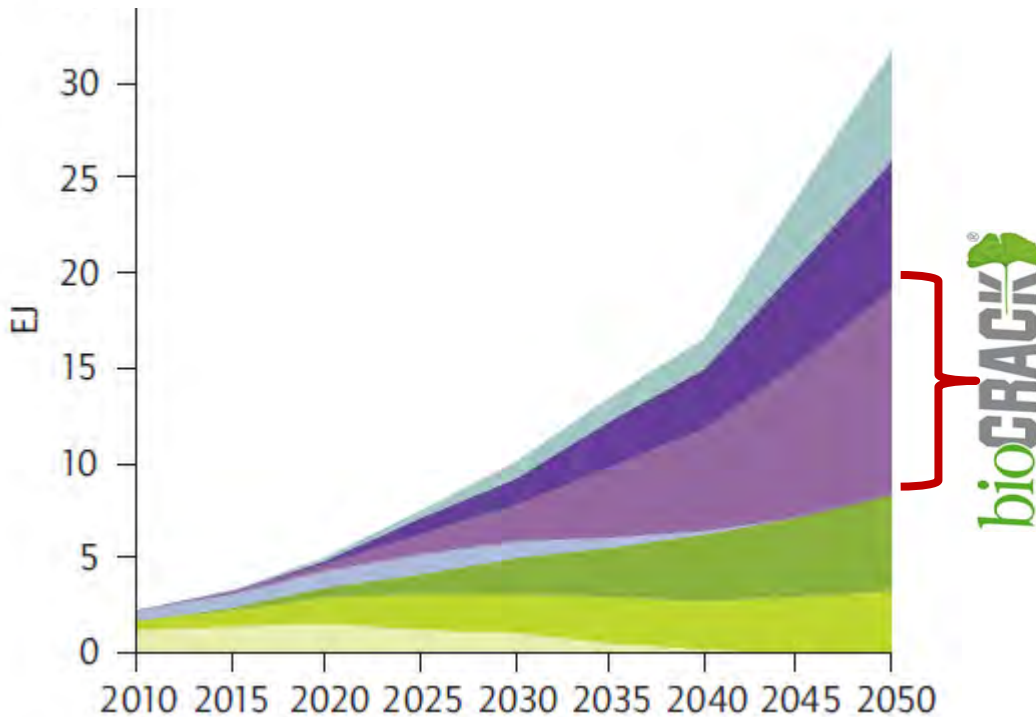
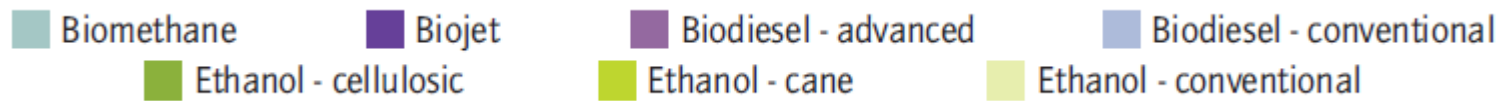
Global Player



bioCRACK Motivation



IEA projected global biofuels demand



Huge projected global demand on biofuels especially on advanced (Bio)Diesel

EU RED:
Double (quad) counting for (residual) lignocellulosic fuels + weak counting for oil seed biofuels

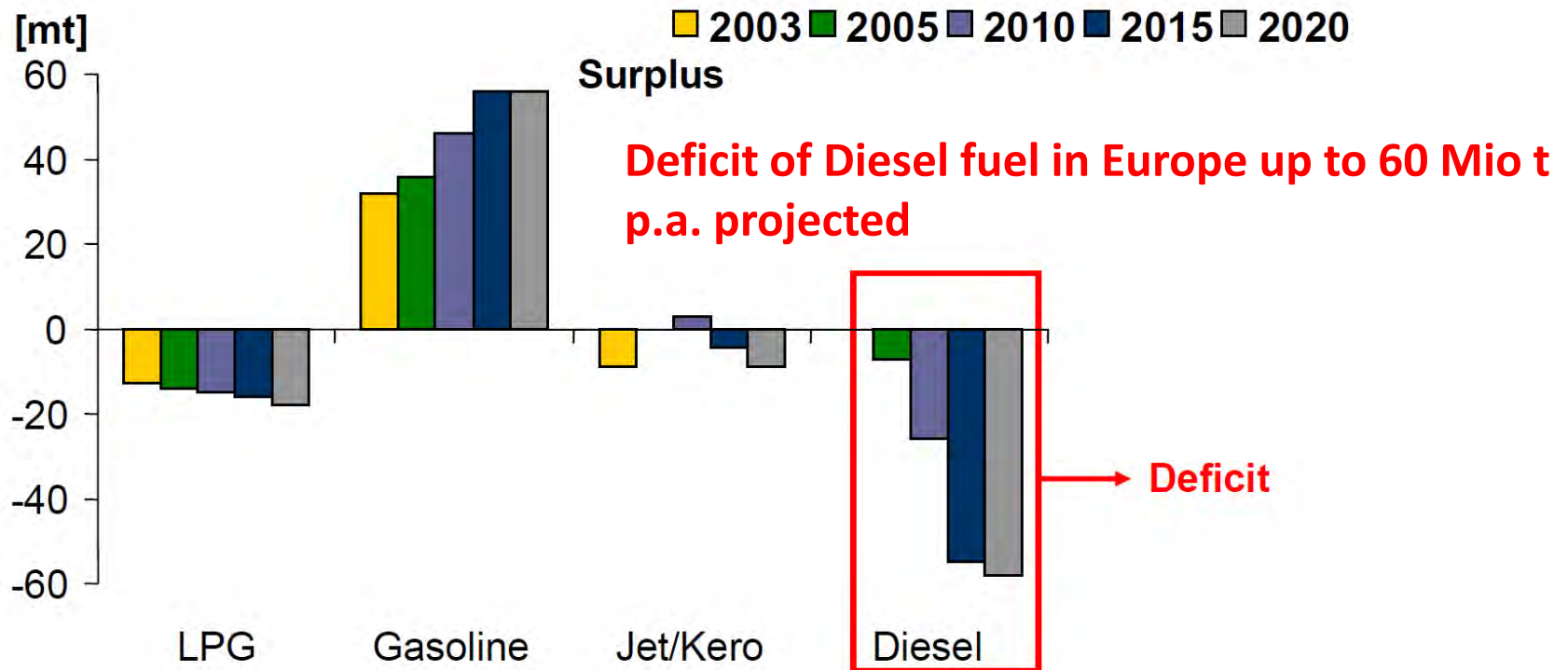
US RFS2:
Mandate (2012) for Type C / D3:
Cellulosic Biofuel 1,9 Mio m³ ↑ ↑

Source: IEA Technology Roadmap - Biofuels for Transport 2011 1 exajoule ~ 23-24 Mio t Oil

bioCRACK Motivation



Europe oil product balances

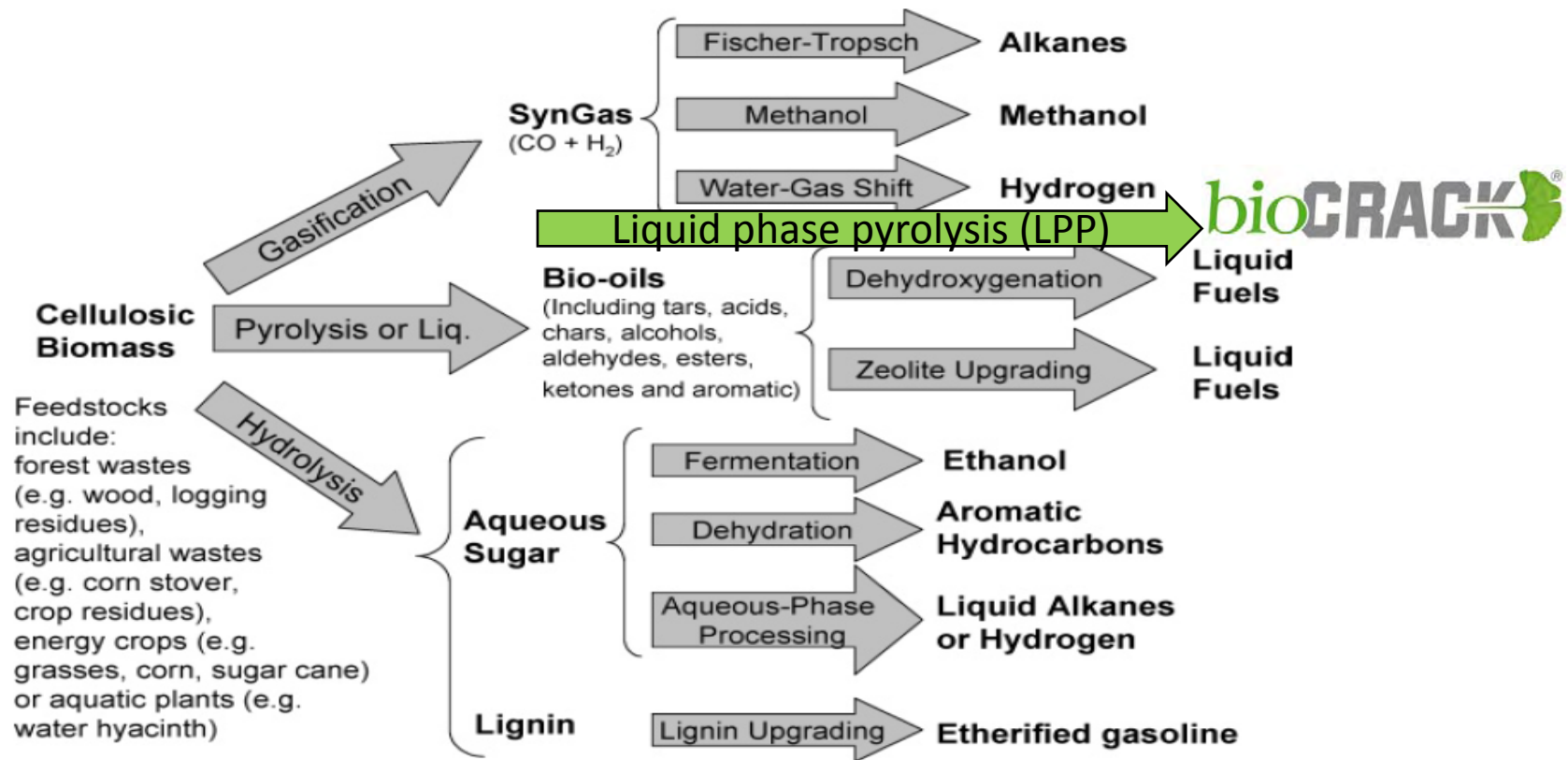


Source (by OMV): Refining Capacity Study, EUROPIA Strategy Council

bioCRACK Concept



Typical pathways from lignocellulosis to biofuel



Quelle: Chem.Rev.2006,106,4044ff

bioCRACK Concept



In liquid phase pyrolysis (LPP) a hot liquid is used as heat carrier:

Pro:

- Moderate process conditions (ambient pressure, temperature <450°C)
- Compared to other technologies simple concept
- Heat recovery possible
- Usage of standard industrial equipment
- Time to market short
- Direct conversion from solid biomass to liquid hydrocarbon

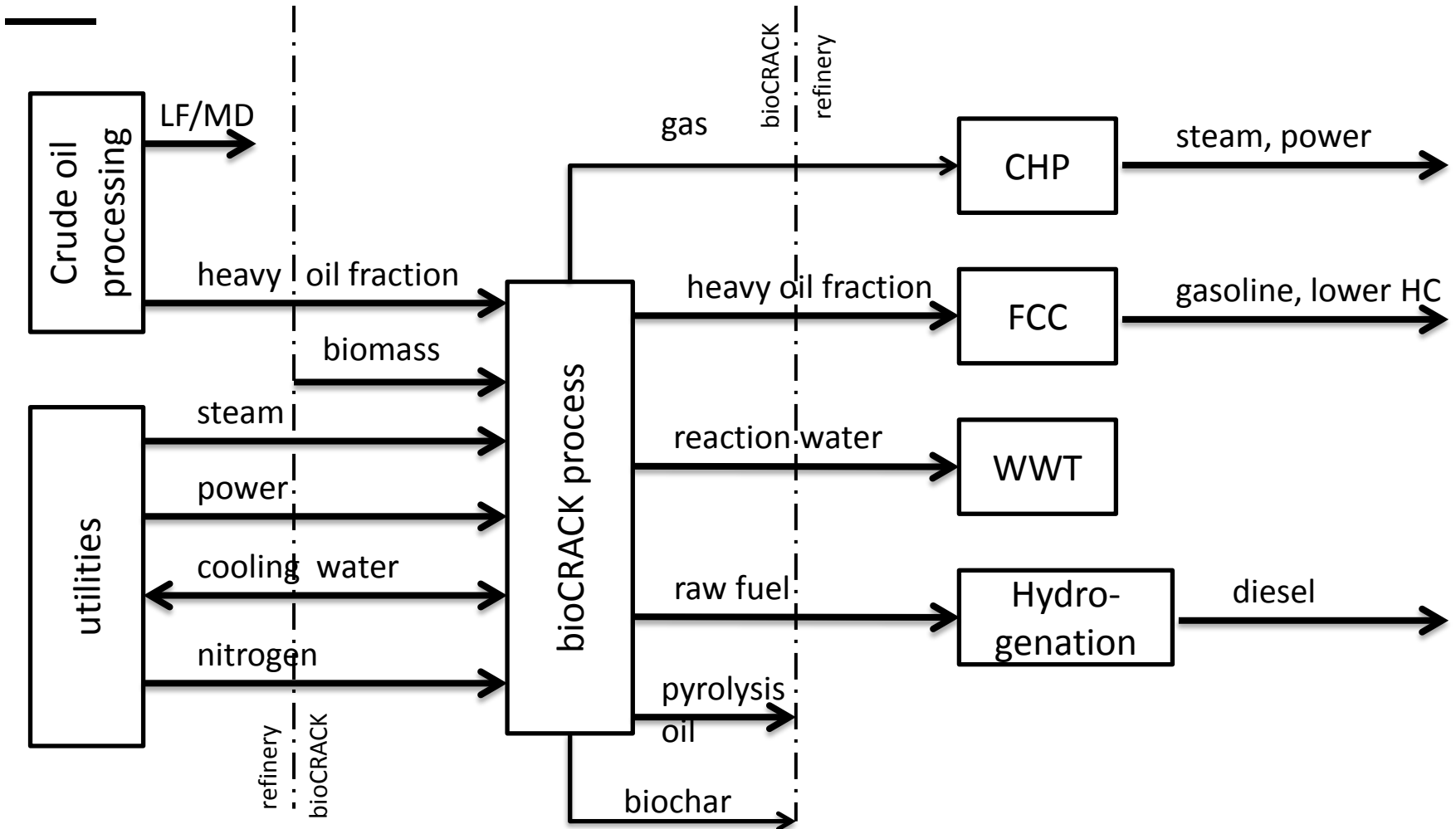
Contra:

- Limitation in maximum temperature
- Limited conversion from solid to fuel
- Challenging separation task solid/liquid
- Utilisation of by-products necessary
- Cracking of the heat carrier oil

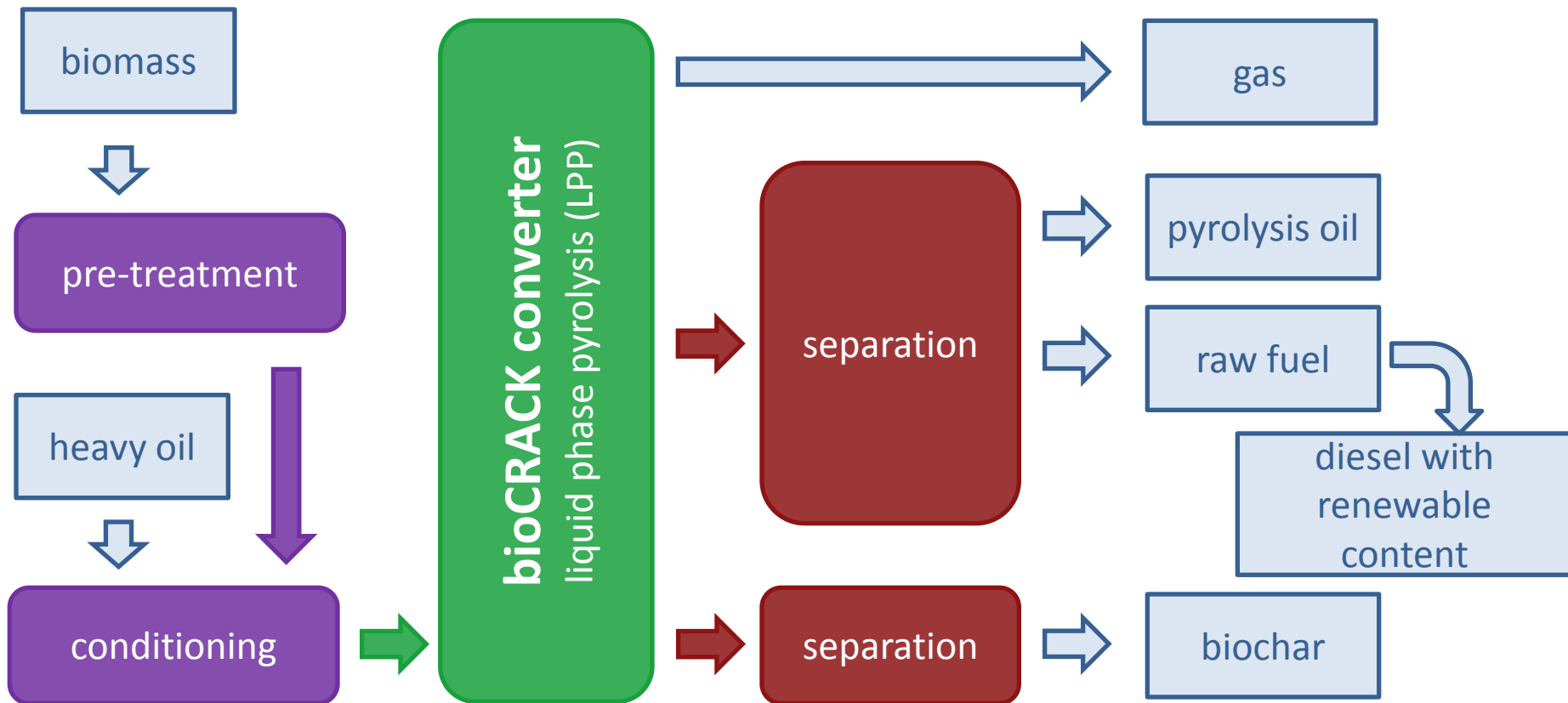
Chance for a integrated process in a standard refinery

To succeed with LPP one need to use a heat carrier oil where cracking is desired!

bioCRACK Refinery Integration



bioCRACK Process Scheme

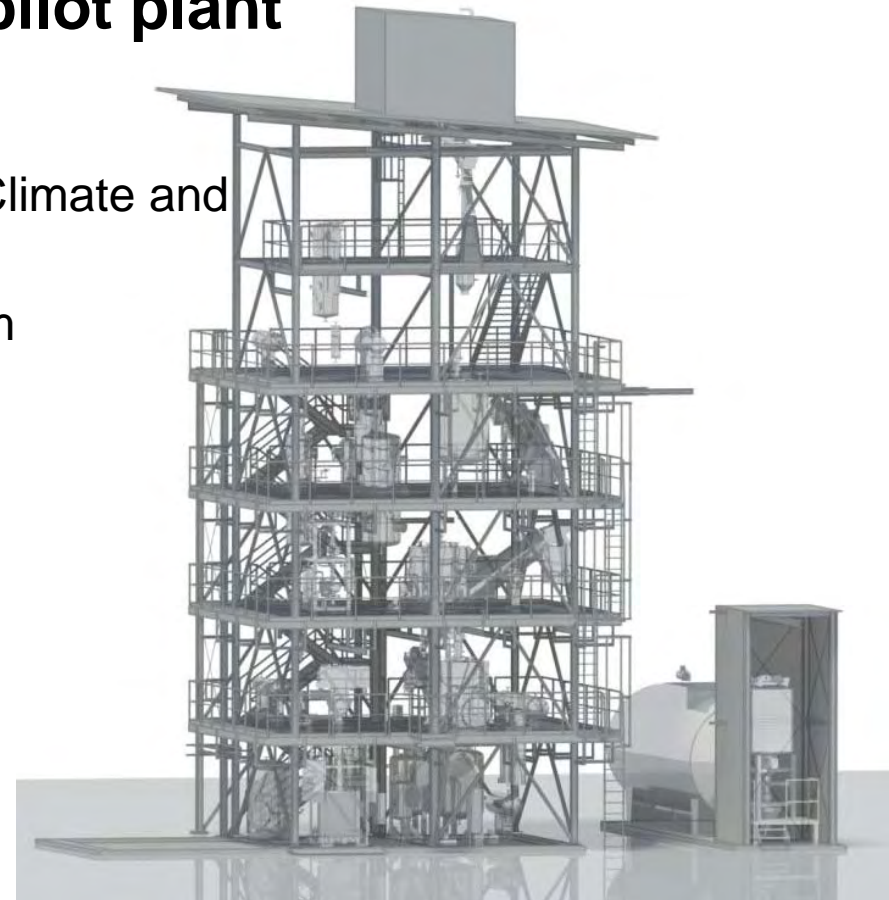


bioCRACK Pilot Plant



Facts and figures bioCRACK pilot plant

- Project duration: April 2010 - 2013
- Project cost: €7 Mio (Grand by Austrian Climate and Energy Fund: €2,0 Mio.)
- Dimensions: basis: 7,5x7m, height: 21,5m
- Steelwork: 60 tons
- Pipes: >2.000 m
- I/O: > 700
- Engineering demand: ~ 17.000 hours
- Feed capacity: 100 kg biomass and 250 kg heavy oil
- Pressure: atmospheric
- Temperature: up to 400°C



bioCRACK Pilot Plant



Integrated pilot plant OMV refinery Schwechat/Austria



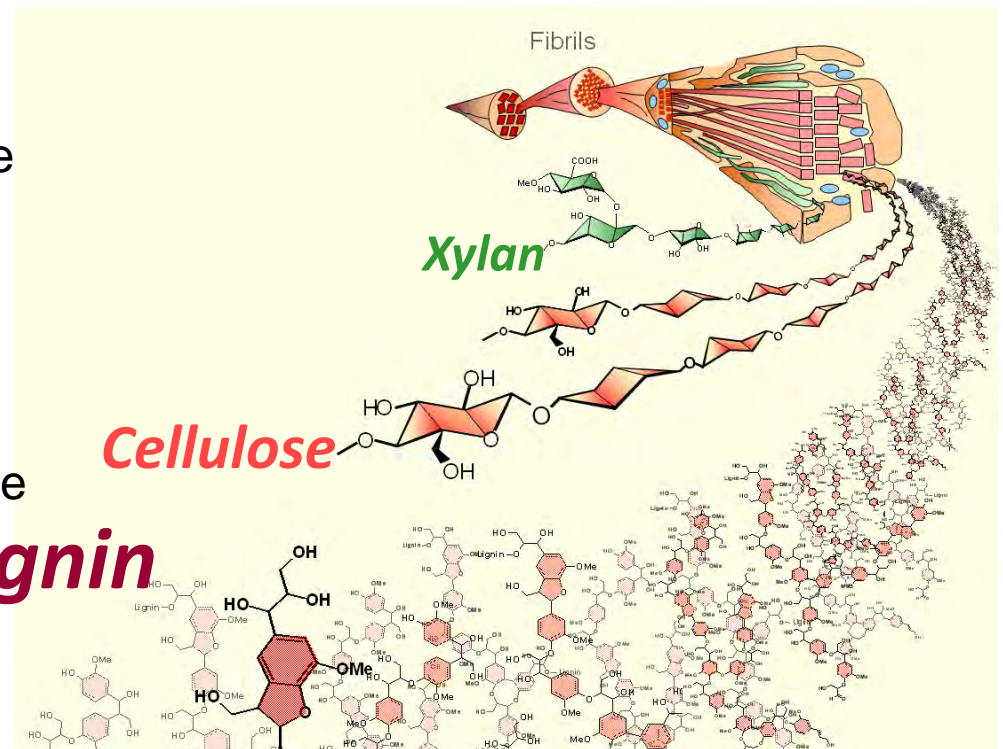
bioCRACK Feedstock and Products

Ideal biomass for bioCRACK is renewable lignocelluloses:

- + Low water content
- + Low nitrogen, chlorine, toxics
- + Fine particle size (<5mm) possible

Examples:

- Wood chips (soft and hard wood)
- Forestry residues
- Chopped straw/agricultural residue
- Torrefied material
-



Note for mass balances:

Biomass contains up to 50% oxygen.

Oxygen is an unwanted element in liquid fuels and has to be removed!

Source: Lehnen & Faix; vTI

bioCRACK Pyrolysis Oil



Dehydration of bioCRACK pyrolysis oil is possible:

Pyrolysis Oil

Pyrolysis Oil - dehydrated

Water content:

40-60%

<10%

Density kg/m³:

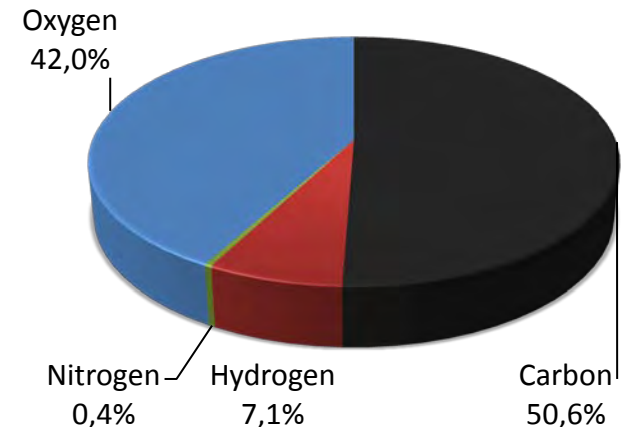
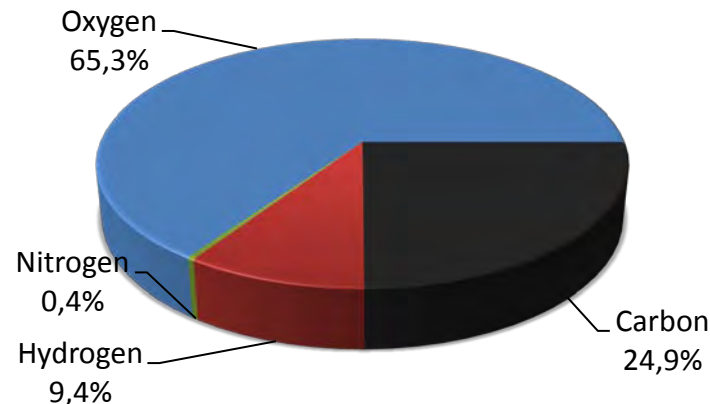
1050-1100

1200

LHV MJ/kg

4-6

18-19



Utilisation:

- Renewable liquid fuel for combustion
- Source for chemicals
- Further upgrading to transportation fuel

Results from BDI pilot plant Schwechat H02
Feedstock: spruce

bioCRACK Diesel Fuel



An upgrading of the raw diesel to EN590 quality is possible:

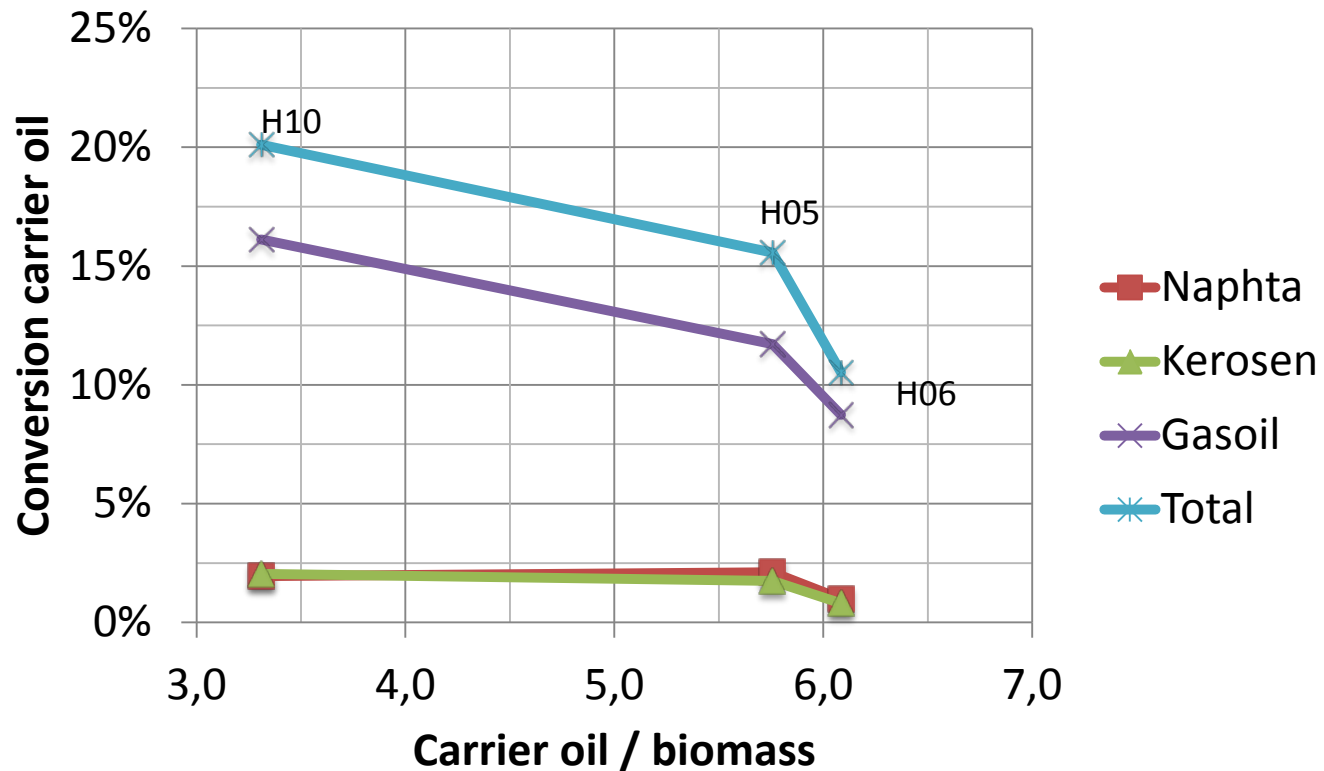
Parameter	Untreated raw diesel	After hydro treatment	EN 590
Density (15°C)	868 kg/m ³	833 kg/m ³	820 - 845 kg/m ³
Viscosity (40°C)	2,53 mm ² /s	n.a.	2 - 4,5 mm ² /s
Cetan	44	53	> 51
C/H/O	85/13/2 wt.%	86/14/0 wt.%	n.a.
Volatile <350°C	83 wt.%	86 wt.%	> 85 % (v/v)
Sulfur	177 mg/kg	3 mg/kg	< 10 mg/kg

Results from pilot plant BDI/Grambach and hydrogenation at OMV/Schwechat
Feedstock: spruce chips

bioCRACK Cracking Carrier-Oil



Cracking of fossil carrier-oil vs. biomass/oil ratio

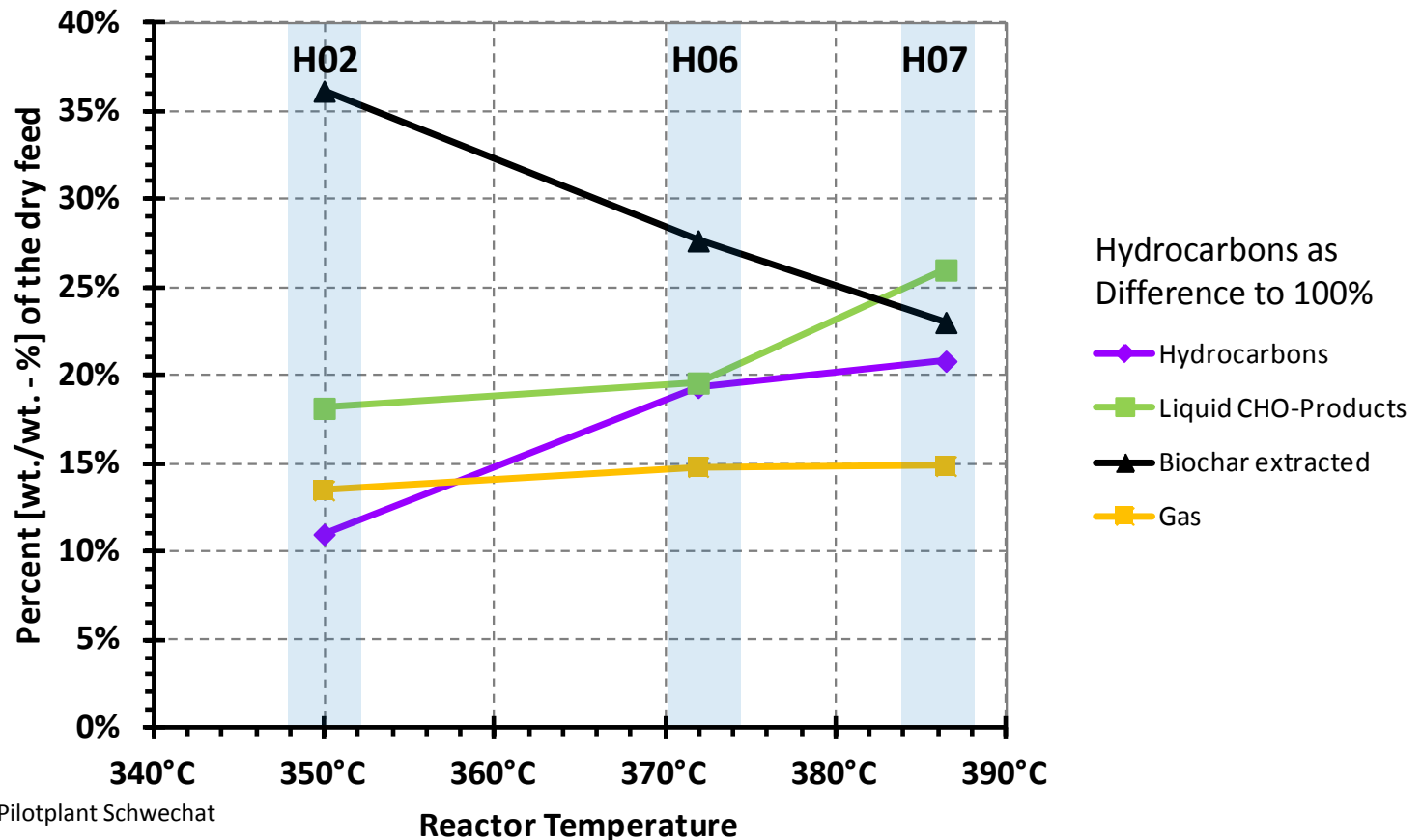


Results from bioCRACK pilotplant Schwechat
Feedstock: spruce

bioCRACK Biomass Conversion



Mass-conversion of biomass vs. temperature

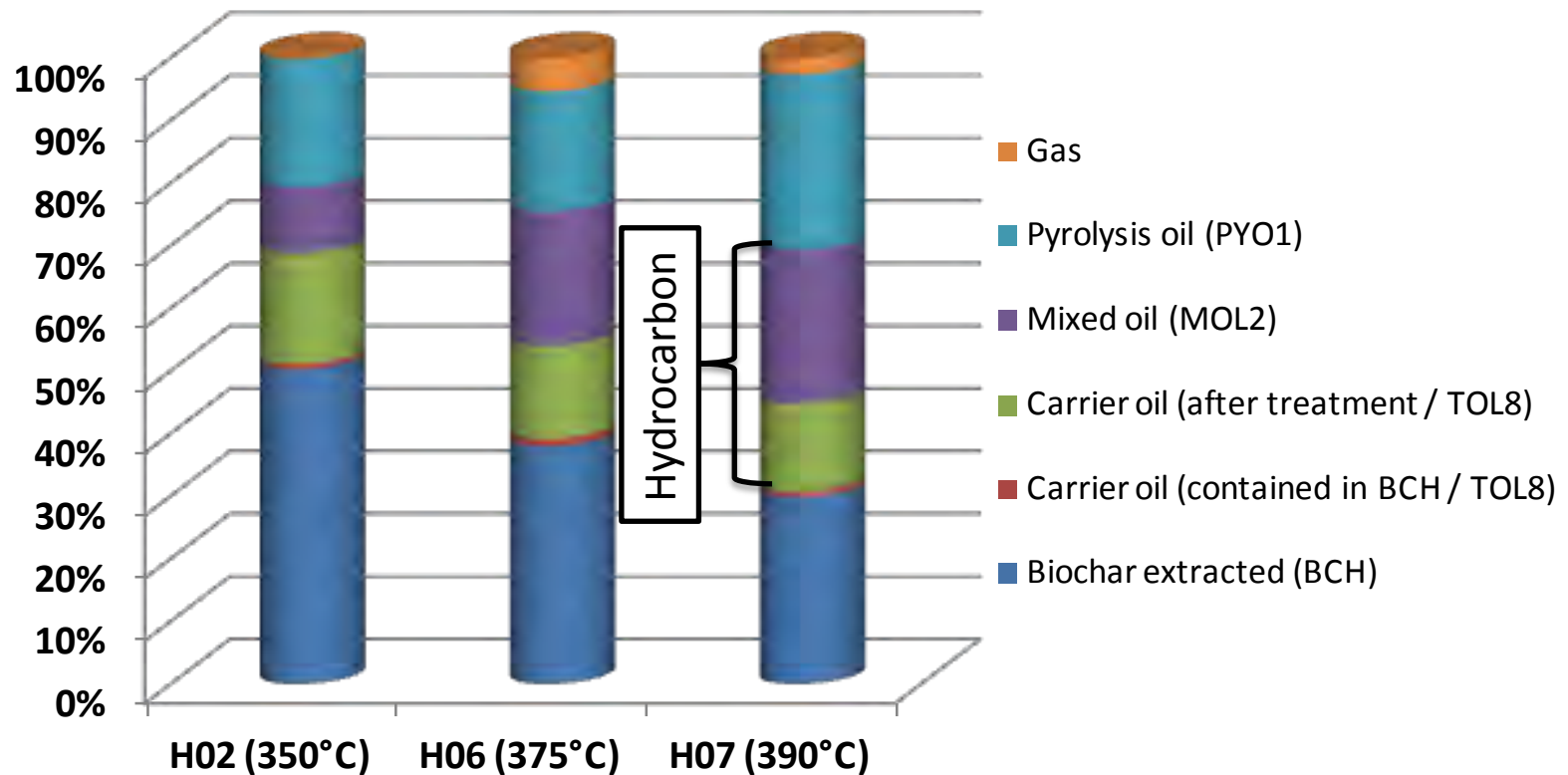


Results from bioCRACK Pilotplant Schwechat
Feedstock: spruce

bioCRACK C14 Balance

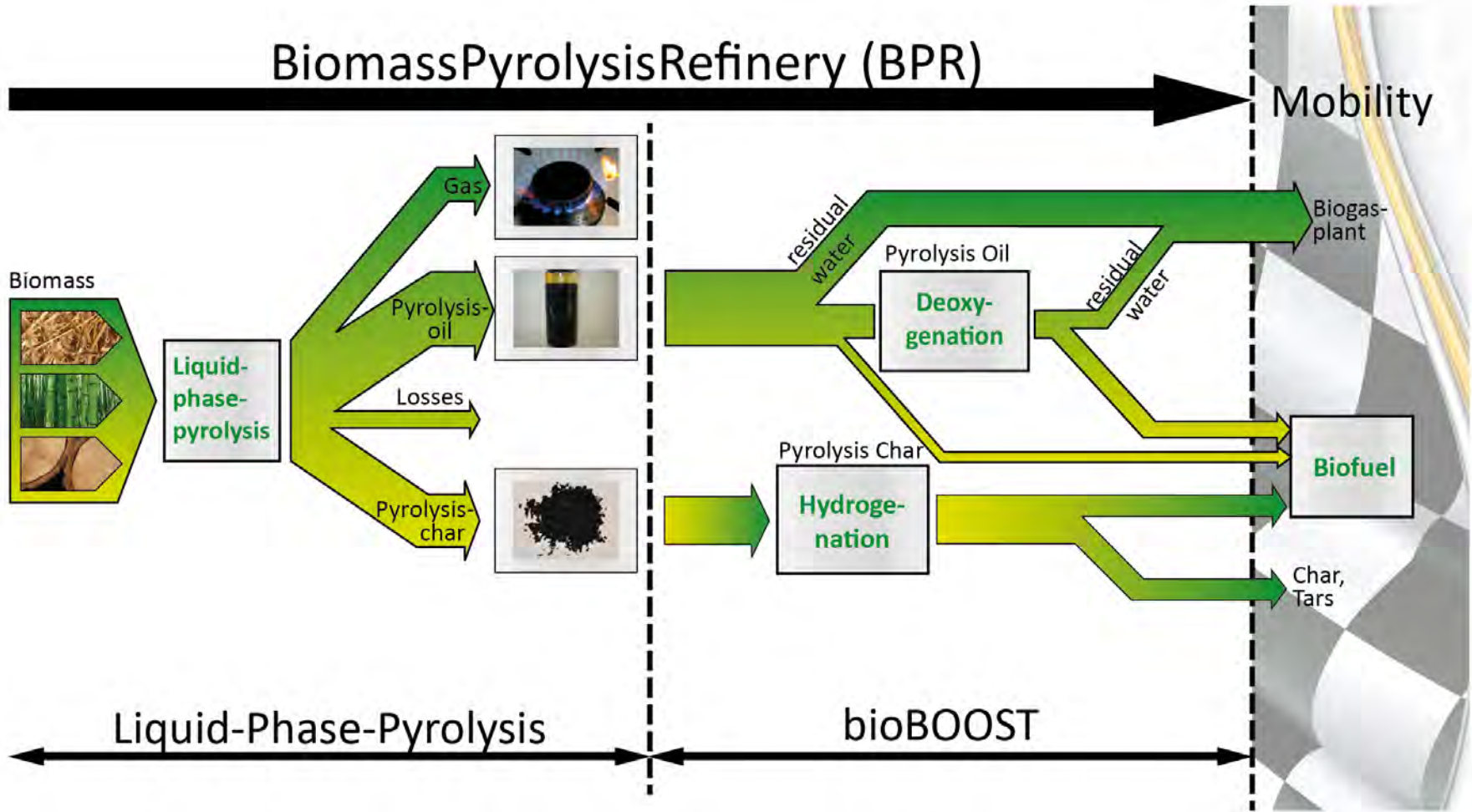


Bio-carbon transfer vs. temperature



Results from bioCRACK pilotplant Schwechat
Feedstock: spruce

Ongoing Research & Development



bioCRACK Partners



BDI – BioEnergy International AG



OMV Refining and Marketing GmbH



Institute of Chemical Engineering and Environmental Technology

Prof. Dr. M. Siebenhofer



Austrian Climate and Energy Fund
“Neue Energien 2020”

